

WINE AND  
SPIRIT  
MERCHANT  
\* CHAZALON & CO. \*  
MAKERS  
AND  
FRENCH  
PRESERVES  
IMPORTERS  
6, QUEEN'S ROAD.

# The China Mail.

ESTABLISHED 1845

St. GEORGE'S  
BUILDING  
DISS BROS.  
Tailors.

No. 13,476

號四十月六年六零百九千一英

HONGKONG, THURSDAY, JUNE 14, 1906.

日三廿月四閏年午丙

PRICE, \$3.00 Per Month

## GERMAN BEER.

Large Stock on Hand of  
**AUGUSTINER BRAU**  
AND THE CELEBRATED  
**KULMBACHER BIER.**  
Per Case of 6 doz. pils. \$18.00.  
Per Case of 4 doz. qts. \$18.00.  
**MACWEN, FRICKEL & CO.,**  
1815 3, DUNDRELL STREET.

Intimations.

## NOTICE.

TO OUR  
PEAK SUBSCRIBERS.

WE are now delivering the 'CHINA MAIL' to our Peak Subscribers at their residences, including MAGAZINE GAP. Subscribers are requested to notify us promptly of any irregularity that may occur.  
Hongkong, June 14, 1906. 1210

## A CONCERT

will be given by the  
**HONGKONG PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.**  
UNDER the distinguished patronage of  
H.E. the Governor, in  
ST. GEORGE'S HALL,  
on  
SATURDAY, 16th JUNE, 1906,  
at 9.15 P.M.

The Programme will include Scenes from the 'Crusaders' (Niels M. Gade), with full Orchestra and Chorus, Mendelssohn's First Piano Concerto and other items. Tickets, \$2 each.  
Booking plan at the ROBINSON PIANO Co., Ltd.  
Hongkong, June 11, 1906. 1204

WANTED.

BEDROOM and BOARD, near Ferry preferred, in Kowloon.  
Apply to  
Care of 'CHINA MAIL' Office.  
Hongkong, June 13, 1906. 1224

WANTED.

A Copy of Dr. EITEL'S CHINESE DICTIONARY. Reply, stating Price to  
Care of 'CHINA MAIL' Office.  
Hongkong, June 12, 1906. 1211

NOTICE.

It is proposed to hold an OLD WELL-INGTONIAN DINNER on June 15. Will Gentlemen wishing to join kindly communicate with Lieut. HOPE, R.A. M.C.  
Hongkong, June 12, 1906. 1218

ALLIANZ INSURANCE COMPANY OF BERLIN.

THE Undersigned having been appointed AGENTS for the above Company are prepared to accept Risks against Fire at current rates.  
SIEMSEN & CO.  
Hongkong, May 28, 1906. 1094

NOTIFICATION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, under instructions from H. B. M. MINISTER in BEKING, the British Vice-Consulate at MACAO was CLOSED on the 31st May, until further notice.  
R. W. MANFIELD,  
H.B.M. Consul-General,  
Canton.  
Hongkong, June 8, 1906. 1187

THE TRADE MARKS ORDINANCE 1899.

APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION OF TRADE MARK.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that YUT SHING, carrying on business at No. 15, Sai Ying Street, Canton, in the Empire of China as Merchants have, on the 1st day of May, 1906, applied for the Registration in Hongkong in the Register of Trade Marks of the following Trade Mark:  
The name 'YUT SHING' and the Chinese characters '悅盛' reading YUT SHING.  
In the name of Yut Shing who claim to be the proprietors thereof.  
The Trade Mark has been used by the applicants for upwards of 50 years in respect of the following goods:  
Cassia, Cassia Oil and Cassia buds for medicinal purposes in class 3.  
Cassia, Cassia Oil and Cassia buds and Brilloes in class 4.  
Fire crackers and Fire works in class 20.  
Chinese ink and Lithographic paper in class 39.  
Blackwood ware in class 41.  
Cassia, Cassia Oil and Cassia buds for preparations of Perfumery and Perfumed soap in class 48.  
Palm Tans, Partridge canes, Tanglees Cassia and Batten cores in class 50 (3).  
A Facsimile of the Trade Mark can be seen at the Office of the Colonial Secretary of Hongkong and also at the Office of the Undersigned.  
Dated the 11th day of May, 1906.  
JOHNSON, STOKES & MASTER,  
Solicitors for the Applicants,  
8, Des Voeux Road Central,  
Hongkong.

## Business Notices.

**W. S. BAILEY & CO.**  
ENGINEERS & SHIPBUILDERS.

WORKS: KOWLOON BAY. OFFICES & STORES: No 20, CONNAUGHT ROAD.

## HONGKONG, CANTON, MACAO AND WEST RIVER STEAMERS.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD. AND THE CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

### Hongkong-Canton Line.

s.s. HONAM, 2,363 tons, Captain H. D. Jones.  
s.s. POWAN, 2,338 tons, Captain W. A. Valentine.  
s.s. FATSHAN, 2,260 tons, Captain R. D. Thomas.  
s.s. HANKOW, 3,073 tons, Captain C. V. Lloyd.  
s.s. KINSHAW, 1,995 tons, Captain J. J. Louisa.  
Departures from Hongkong to Canton daily at 8.30 a.m. (Sunday Excepted), 9 p.m. and 10.30 p.m. (Saturday Excepted).  
Departures from Canton to Hongkong daily at 8.30 a.m., 3 p.m. and 5.30 p.m. (Sunday excepted).  
These Steamers, carrying His Majesty's Mail, are the largest and fastest on the River. Special attention is drawn to their Superior Saloon and Cabin accommodation.

### Hongkong-Macao Line.

s.s. BEUNGSHAN, 1,898 tons, Captain G. F. Morrison, s.s.s.  
Departures from Hongkong to Macao on week days at 2 p.m., except when otherwise notified by Express. Sundays Special Excursions leaving Hongkong at 9 a.m.  
Note: During the Summer Months the time of leaving fluctuates to suit the tide at Macao. See Special Summer Timetable.  
Departures from Macao to Hongkong daily at 8 a.m.

### Canton-Macao Line.

s.s. LUNGSHAN, 219 tons, Captain T. Hamilton.  
This steamer leaves Canton for Macao every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 8 a.m.; and leaves Macao for Canton every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 7.30 a.m.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE H.K., C. AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD., THE CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD., AND THE INDIA-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

### Canton-Wuchow Line.

s.s. SAINAM, 598 tons, Captain J. Wilcox.  
s.s. NANNING, 669 tons, Captain O. Butchart.  
One of the above Steamers leaves Canton for Wuchow every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at about 8 a.m., and the other leaves Wuchow for Canton on the same days at 8.30 a.m. Round trips take about five days. These vessels have Superior Cabin Accommodation and are lighted throughout by electricity.  
Further particulars may be obtained at the Office of the:-  
**HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.**  
HOTEL MANHONG, (First Floor), opposite the Hongkong Hotel.  
Or of BUTTERFIELD AND SWIRE,  
Agents, CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

## CANADA ACCIDENT ASSURANCE COMPANY.

HEAD OFFICE: MONTREAL.  
THIS Company issues the most Liberal and Clear Policy ever offered in East. DOUBLE BENEFITS FOR TRAVEL, ACCIDENTS, FEVER, TYPHOID and SMALL POX Covered. Policies written HERE, in any Currency.  
HONGKONG OFFICE: 14, DES VOEUX ROAD CENTRAL.  
GRANT AND LESLIE, General Agents for China, Manager, Hongkong 692

**N. LAZARUS,** No. 5, PEDDER STREET, OPTICIAN, (UNDER HONGKONG HOTEL).  
SIGHT TESTED FREE. LENSES GRIND. REPAIRS A SPECIALTY. 179

**'JANUS'** LIFE & ANNUITY INSURANCE CO., HAMBURG. ESTABLISHED 1848.  
ASSETS PER 31st DECEMBER, 1904. Mks. 68,400,000—equal to £2,600,000.

THE UNDERSIGNED, having been appointed GENERAL AGENTS of the above Company for Hongkong and China, are prepared to accept LIFE and ANNUITY INSURANCES, as well as to issue ACCIDENT POLICIES at the most liberal terms ever offered in the East.  
SIEMSEN & CO.  
48

**CHIEE WING & CO.** 28 & 29, LEE YUEN STREET (WEST) HONGKONG.  
DEALERS IN:  
All Sorts of COPPER, BRASS, STEEL, LEON WARE, &c.  
STEEL GIRDERS and TEES,  
CORRUGATED IRON, PIG-IRON, &c.  
Suitable for  
SHIPS, ENGINEERS and HOUSE BUILDERS.  
1227

NOTICE.

LANDING upon the Property of THE HONGKONG MILLING COMPANY, LIMITED, at JUNG BAY, is prohibited from this date without written authority from the Undersigned. The portion of the Western Shore of Jung Bay covered by this Notice, extends for about two miles from a large marked 660 yards or thereabouts South of the Mill Buildings in a Northerly direction to the stream near the village, marked CHAN JI on Chart No. 3279.  
A. H. RENNIE & CO.  
Hongkong, June 2, 1906. 1154

## NEW FILMS

JUST ARRIVED.  
DEVELOPING AND PRINTING.  
MEE CHEUNG, Photographer, etc.  
Hongkong, June 7, 1906. 1017

**DENTAL SURGEON**  
G. DE PERINDORGE  
DIPLOMA: PARIS.  
LATEST IMPROVEMENTS INCLUDING PORCELAIN FILLINGS.  
HOTEL MANHONG, PEDDER STREET.  
Hongkong, June 1, 1906. 1149

## CARLTON HOUSE HOTELS,

No. 8 and 10, Ice House Road.  
EXCELLENT FURNISHED ROOMS.  
COMFORT OF RESIDENTS AND THE CUISINE A SPECIALTY.  
FOR TERMS, APPLY TO THE MANAGER.

## Tailors.

**R. HOUGHTON,** NAVAL, MILITARY AND CIVIL TAILOR.  
16, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.  
Hongkong, June 8, 1906. 1160

## CAMPBELL, MOORE & CO., LIMITED.

JUST RECEIVED NEW  
**POWDER,**  
PERFUMERIES, SOAPS,  
HAIR FRAMES,  
HAIR PINS,  
&c., &c., &c.

## Business Notices.

## BELL'S ASBESTOS EASTERN AGENCY, LIMITED

(SOLE AGENTS FOR BELL'S ASBESTOS CO., LTD., LONDON).

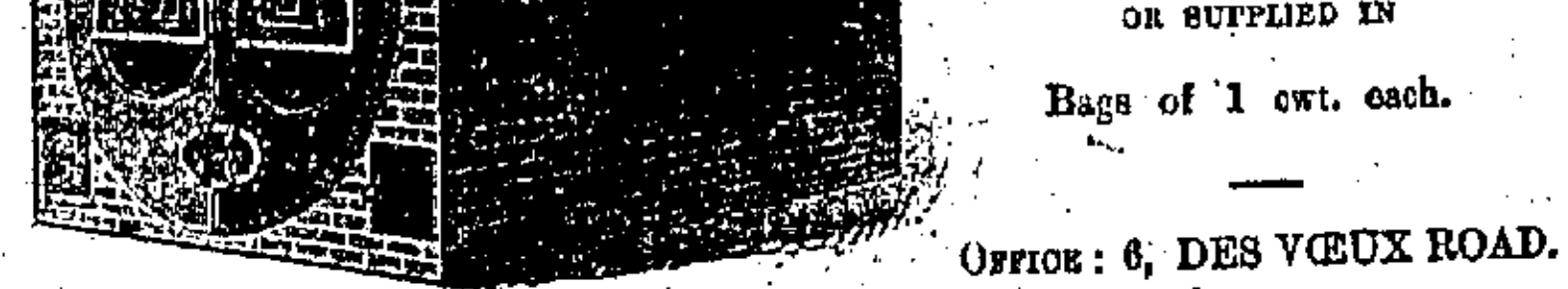
SAVE FUEL BY COVERING YOUR BOILERS AND STEAMPIPES.

WITH BELL'S ASBESTOS NON-CONDUCTING COMPOSITION.

ESTIMATES GIVEN FOR WORK FINISHED COMPLETE.

OR SUPPLIED IN Bags of 1 cwt. each.

Office: 6, DES VOEUX ROAD.



## LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A NEW SHIPMENT OF

## SUMMER CURTAINS

NEW LACE CURTAINS,

NEW CURTAIN MUSLINS.

LATEST DESIGNS

IN FRENCH AND ENGLISH

**ART CRETONNES**

An Immense Variety from 45 cts. per yard.

**LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.**

## THE HONGKONG HOTEL.

UNRIVALLED FOR COMFORT AND CUISINE.  
THOROUGHLY UP TO DATE WITH EVERY MODERN LUXURY.  
MODERATE TERMS AND NO EXTRAS.  
H. HAYNES, Manager  
2197

## STAG HOTEL.

148, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.  
A FIRST CLASS HOTEL, MOST CENTRALLY SITUATED,  
WELL FURNISHED AND AIRY BEDROOMS.  
Monthly Boarders accommodated on very Moderate Terms.  
For Particulars, apply to THE MANAGER. 1885

## CHAMPAGNES

FROM

CHARLES HEIDSIECK.

PURVEYOR TO HIS MAJESTY KING EDWARD.

**SIEMSEN & CO.,**

SOLE AGENTS FOR CHINA AND JAPAN. 450

Hongkong, March 2, 1906.

## THE OLIVER TYPEWRITER.

VISIBILITY.

SIMPLICITY.

DURABILITY.

UNRIVALLED FOR DUPLICATING.

WRITING IN SIGHT.

UNIVERSAL-KEYBOARD.

GRANT & LESLIE, GENERAL AGENTS, FOR HONGKONG & SOUTH CHINA. Hongkong, April 21, 1906.

**GEO. GRIMBLE,** MANAGER, 14, DES VOEUX ROAD CENTRAL. 728

## Business Notices.

## GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO., LD

## PORTLAND CEMENT

In Casks of 375 lbs. net, \$4.75 per Cask, ex Factory.

In Bags of 250 lbs. net, \$2.80 per Bag, ex Factory.

**Shewan, Tomes & Co.,**

GENERAL MANAGERS. 2003

## FAIRALL & CO.

ARE SHOWING

NEW SUMMER COSTUMES

AND MATERIALS

IN LINEN, MUSLIN AND CAMBRIC, etc.

NEWEST STYLES IN

TRIMMED HATS

NEW FLOWERS AND LACES.

## HOTEL BALTIMORE

LATE HOTEL AMERICA 2, WYNDHAM STREET.

A FIRST-CLASS HOTEL under European Management. NICELY FURNISHED, AIRY ROOMS, EVERY COMFORT FOR RESIDENTS AND TOURISTS. EXCELLENT CUISINE. Three minutes' walk from the Ferry Wharf. Terms Reasonable. Apply to THE MANAGER. 1151

## VICTORIA DISPENSARY

SOLE AGENTS FOR

**V. R. O. LIQUEUR WHISKY**

(Square Bottles) per doz. \$15.

'NESTOR' DISINFECTING FLUID

In 1 Gallon and 5 Gallon Tins.

## REMINGTON

## TYPEWRITERS

WITH ALL REQUISITES.

**SIEMSEN & CO.,**

SOLE AGENTS. 449

Hongkong, March 2, 1906.

## LEE LOONG & CO.,

FURNITURE STORE,

No. 14, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL

(Next Door to H. PRIOR & Co.)

ALL Kinds of FURNITURE, CARVED (ANTON) BLACKWOOD, CHERRY and (LANS) WARE KITCHEN UTENSILS, etc., etc.

AT MODERATE PRICES. 128

## W. BREWER & CO.

23 and 25, QUEEN'S ROAD.

NEW NOVELS BY ENGLISH MAIL.

That Preposterous Will, by L. G. Moberley	... ..	\$1.75
The Race of Life by Guy Boothby	... ..	1.75
The Interpreters, by Byrde	... ..	1.75
The Scho'arm Daughter, by B. Harraden	... ..	1.75
The Path of the Pioneer, by D. Wyllarde	... ..	1.75
Brownjohns, by M. Desmer	... ..	1.75
The Lapes of Vivien Eady, by C. Marriott	... ..	1.75
Prince Charlie, by B. Delannoy	... ..	1.75
Pears' Cyclopaedia	... ..	.50
Phil Conway, by Gunter	... ..	.40
Hazell's Guide to the New House of Commons	... ..	.40
Jiu-Jitsu	... ..	.8

FOR

## BATHING PARTIES.

BLACKBERRY BRANDY.

CHERRY BRANDY.

CHERRY WHISKY.

SLOE GIN.

CHERRY GIN.

PEPPERMINT.

**Caldbeck, Macgregor & Co.,**

WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS,  
15, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.



## Intimations.

G. FALCONER & Co.,  
WATCH-MAKERS AND JEWELLERS.  
HOTEL MANSIONS.

NEW SELECTIONS OF  
DIAMOND JEWELLERY AND ENGLISH SILVER WARE.  
HIGH-CLASS GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES.  
LARGE SELECTION OF PRESENTATION PLATE, CUPS, BOWLS, ETC.  
FALCONER & Co. are Agents for ROSS'S FAMOUS TELESCOPES AND  
BINOCULARS, LORD KELVIN'S NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS,  
ADMIRALTY CHARTS AND BOOKS.

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE EMPIRE TYPEWRITER.

PRODUCTS ESPECIALLY RECOMMENDED FOR THE HYGIENE OF THE  
SKIN AND BEAUTY OF THE COMPLEXION

## POUDRE SIMON

Face Powder, free from bismuth, invisible, impalpable, adherent.

POUDRE SIMON is Face Powder made  
from Bismuth, consequently and rigorously  
prepared, free of all injurious sub-  
stances; it is specially recommended to  
ladies who wish to have an iridescent-habit  
complexion and real beauty.

ALSO CREME SIMON AND SAVON A LA CREME SIMON.

To be had from all Dealers.

11, Queen's Road Central.

M. MUMEYA,

JAPANESE ARTIST AND PHOTOGRAPHER

ENLARGEMENTS ON BROMIDE PAPER

AND FINISHED IN CRAYON.

ALL KINDS OF WORK DONE FOR AMATEURS.

84, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

## KELLY &amp; WALSH, LTD.

If Youth had known that a man's

Castle

Salted Almonds, by F. Anstey

Kil Mathon, by S. R. Crockett

Polk, by O. H. Major

My Lady Baltimore, by Owen Winter

A Millionaire's Courtship, by Mrs

A. J. Little

The Sphinx's Lover, by Frank

Danby

A Prince in the Desert, by A. C.

Gunter

My Sword for Lafayette, by Max

Emberlin

The Man, by Bram Stoker

Lord Curzon in India, 1893-1905

Notes and Instructions, by Sir

Thos. Raleigh, K.C.S.I., 2 Vols.

The Civil War in the United States

1861-1865, by W. R. Wood and

Major Edmonds

British Imperialism and Commercial

Supremacy, by V. Berard

Colonial Trade, by J. W. Root

Who on the Stage

Man and Woman: A Study of

Human Secondary Characters, by

Havelock Ellis

SAVORY'S EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES.

## WILKS and JACK.

MACHINERY AND ELECTRICAL SHOWROOMS

Robinson Road, Kowloon.

AND AT VICTORIA BUILDINGS, 5, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

TELEPHONE 38, KOWLOON

SOLE AGENTS FOR

THE GENERAL ELECTRIC CO., LD.

OF

LONDON

Electric Fittings,

Table Lamps,

Brackets,

'Freezer' Fan

Motors.

Electric Lamps

Fixed and Clear.

ECONOMICAL

EFFICIENT

BRITISH MANUFACTURE.

BATHING PARTIES AND

PICNICS.

The comfortable and fast Steam Launches MOLLIE and YUBSLEE, specially

fixed up for Outings, ARE OPEN FOR ENGAGEMENTS ON MONDAYS,

THURSDAYS, and FRIDAYS from 5 a.m., and SATURDAYS and SUNDAYS from

10 a.m.

Arrangements may be made for the season or by the hour on application at

5, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

TELEPHONE 387

WILKS & JACK.

Hongkong, June 11, 1906.

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## Intimations.



MITUS BISHI COSHIKWAISHA

(MITSU BISHI CO.)

COAL DEPARTMENT

MARUNO-UCHI, TOKIO.

Cable Address: 'IWASAKI'

Which applies to all Branch Offices.

A1, A B C 6th Edition, Western Union

Codes used.

All Letters Addressed to:

MANAGER, MITSU BISHI CO.,

with name of place under.

BRANCH OFFICES:

NAGASAKI, MOJI, KOBE, KATATE,

SHIMODA, HONGKONG AND HANKOW.

AGENCIES:

YOKOHAMA: M. ASADA, Esq.

CHINKING: Messrs GERRING & Co.

MANILA: Messrs MACDONALD & Co.

SOLE PROPRIETORS of Takasima,

Ochi, Shinjima, Namazata and Kani-

Yamada Collieries and also Hojo Colliery,

which will shortly be ready to produce on a

large scale the best Buren Coal.

The Head and Branch Offices and the

Agencies of the Company will receive any

order for Coals produced from the above

Collieries.

T. MATSUOKI, Manager, Hongkong,

No. 2, PEDDERS STREET.

Hongkong, April 25, 1906.

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## Intimations.



SANITARY BOARD OFFICE,

HONGKONG.

TO THE

OWNERS OF DOMESTIC BUILDINGS.

TAKE NOTICE that under No. 5 of the

DOMESTIC CLEANLINESS AND

VENTILATION BYELAWS (as amended),

every Domestic Building or part of

such building within the Western Division

of the City of Victoria, occupied by Members

of more than one family must be CLEANED,

ED and LIMEWASHED THROUGHOUT

by the Owner during the months of May

and June.

N.B.—The word 'throughout' used in

this notice means that the houses should be

limewashed in respect of all the Walls of

each Room and Staircase—all cubicle parti-

tions—Stair Casings and Stair Linings, all

Ceilings and the Undersides of Roofs, both

in Main Buildings, Offices and Servants' Quarters

and inclusive of Verandahs.

The Backyard should have its Containing

Walls Limewashed up to the level of the

First Floor.

Carved, Painted or Polished Woodwork

in good condition, however, need not be

Limewashed but must be Cleaned.

The Western Division of the City lies to

the West of Tank Lane and Cleverly Street.

G. A. WOODCOCK,

Secretary.

Dated this 1st day of June, 1906.

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## Intimations.

A clear skin and VINOLIA

go together. To get the

first you should have the

second.

## IF YOU CARE

For a good beverage get one whose effects are  
pleasant, one which is wholesome and one  
which has quality as well as flavour, get

Rainier  
BEER

Delightfully refreshing, thoroughly satisfying.  
You'll like it.

M. J. CONNELL,

7, BEACONSFIELD ARCADE,

DISTRIBUTING AGENT.

1876

1876

1876

1876



Artichokes, Shanghai—Sheng Yai	每打	10	丁治
Chi Cheuk	每打	10	治
Beans, (French), Macao,—Oh Moon Pin Tai	每打	14	澳門
(French), Shanghai,—Sheng Hai	每打	14	上海
Piu Tau	每打	14	上海
Sprout,—Ah Choi	每打	2	菜
Long,—Tan Kok	每打	10	菜
Beet Root,—Hung Choi	每打	2	菜
Brinjals, Green,—Ching Yuen Ker	每打	4	菜
Red,—Hung Ker	每打	4	菜
Brassica,—Pak Choi	每打	4	菜
Bamboo Shoots,—Chenik Shun	每打	—	菜
Cabbage, Chinese, com.—Kai Choy	每打	5	菜
Cabbage Red,—Hung Yeh Choy	每打	—	菜
Cabbage, (Shanghai),—Yeh Choi	每打	—	菜
Cane Shoots, bunch,—Kau Shun	每打	—	菜
Calliflower, Large size,—Tai Yeh Choi	每打	—	菜
Medium size,—Cheng Yeh Choi	每打	—	菜
Small size,—Sai Yeh Choi	每打	—	菜
Carrots,—Kam Shun	每打	6	菜
Celery, Chinese,—Tong Kan Choi	每打	8	菜
English,—Young	每打	—	菜
Chilies Dried,—Con Lat Chiu	每打	—	菜
Red,—Hung Fa	每打	12	菜
Green,—Ching Lat Chiu	每打	5	菜
Curry Stuff, English,—Ka Lee Choi	每打	—	菜
Cucumbers,—Ching Kwa	每打	1	菜
Bitter Squash,—Fu Kwa	每打	—	菜
Garlic,—Suen Tau	每打	10	菜
Ginger, young,—Lo Te Keung	每打	10	菜
old,—Lo Keung	每打	8	菜
Horse Radish, S'hai—Lik Kan	每打	25	菜
Indian Corn,—Suk Mai	每打	place	4
Lettuce,—Young Sang Choi	每打	—	菜
Water Chestnuts,—Ma Tai	每打	7	菜
Mandarin,—Kwei Lum Ma Tai	每打	5	菜
Mushrooms, Fresh—Sang Oo Kho	每打	—	菜
Musk Melon—(American)	每打	—	菜
Okroes	每打	—	菜
Onions, Bombay,—Young Ching Tau	每打	6	菜
Green,—Sang Ching	每打	5	菜
Shanghai,—Sheng Hai Chung Yai	每打	—	菜
Papaw, 1st qual.—Tai Man Sau Kwa	每打	10	菜
2d — Chung	每打	10	菜
Parsley,—Kun Cho	每打	10	菜
Green Peas,—Ching Tau	每打	—	菜
Potatoes, Sweet,—Fan Shu	每打	2	菜
Shanghai,—Sheng Hai Shu Tai	每打	3	菜
Japan,—Yut Poon Shu Tai	每打	3	菜
American,—Ye Ki	每打	3	菜
Poochow,—Fak Chan Shu Tai	每打	3	菜
Pumpkin,—Teng Kwa	每打	2	菜
Radish,—Hung Lo Pak Tai	每打	dozen	菜
Rhubarb (Fresh)—Tai Wong	每打	—	菜
Shalots,—Ching Tau	每打	1	菜
Spinage, (Chinese)—Fai Choi	每打	4	菜
Spinach,—Yin Choi	每打	—	菜
Tomatoes,—Fan Kwa	每打	7	菜
Taro,—Wa Tau	每打	—	菜
Taripis, Puntl, (Hong)—Low Pak	每打	6	菜
English,—Jung Low Pak	每打	3	菜
Vegetable Marrow,—Kwai Kwa	每打	4	菜
(Am.)—Kun Sau Chit Kw	每打	—	菜
Water Cress,—Sai Yung Choi	每打	10	菜
Lily root,—Liu Ngai	每打	—	菜
Yams,—Ta Shu	每打	—	菜



'Give Us Water That We May Drink'

## 'TANSAN' SAVOY,

**PURE** Equate in Flavor, Stimulating without Reaction, this life-giving Natural Mineral Water gushes out of the mountain-side at Takaradaka, near Kobe, Japan.

**PURITY.** Its source is amid hard volcanic rock, beyond reach of contact with any human being, and it is conveyed by gravity through a rock-hewn tunnel and concrete aqueduct to a sheltered enclosure, where, without pumping, bailing, or touch of human hand, it is placed by machinery in sterilized bottles and packed in cases for shipment; thus, from its initial source protecting the water against possible taint of any kind. Percolating through several strata of virgin rock, it is saturated with their unaltered mineral properties, and no chemical skill can duplicate the living Tansan any more than the laboratory can evolve a living tree.

**FLAVOR.** Tansan gladdens the palate with a zest peculiar to itself, clean, crisp, sweet, and delicious. Its appetizing taste smacks of satisfaction, without savor of a feeling of fullness, however freely indulged in.

**TANSAN** is Nature's own distillation, and because of its absolute purity it blends with spirits, wines, stout, milk, and other liquors without altering the natural flavor, except to unfold it.

**STIMULUS.** Tansan is refreshing, and, by reason of its native qualities, it excites the appetite and stimulates the nutritive functions. It is persistently regulative without being laxative, and it eliminates from the system of life the ailments attributable to the liver and kidneys.

The supply is inexhaustible, being an even flow, entirely independent of surface conditions of a wet or dry season, and there will never be necessity nor excuse for the artificial manufacture of Tansan, so that it will be forever free from the obnoxious taste peculiar to all salted and fabricated waters. Visitors to the Spring find the entire plant open to inspection there is nothing to conceal.

**TANSAN** condenses to a pure Health-It is Less Costly than any other PRINCE TANSAN.

THE CLIFFORD-WILKINSON

VANSAN MINERAL WATER CO. LD.

KOBE, JAPAN.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS

The only genuine Tansan bears the name of J. Clifford-Wilkinson on the label

SOLE AGENTS

H. PRICE & CO.,

12, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

**SPECIAL PURCHASE.**

OXFORD

TUNIC

SHIRTS

(Cuffs 3 x 10 1/2)

NEAT STRIPES,

FAST COLOURS

**\$17.50**

1 DOZEN.

**SPLENDID VALUE**

on show

AT

**POWELL'S**

GENTLEMEN'S

OUTFITTERS,

28, Queen's Road

(Opposite the Clock Tower)

HONGKONG.

The **SAVOY,**  
LIMITED.

**Straw**

**Hats**

from

**\$2.25.**

**MEN'S SHIRTS**

from

**\$2.25.**

**5 per cent off FOR CASH.**

THE SAVOY, Ltd.

QUEEN'S ROAD.

**TO SMOKERS.**

It is a well-known fact, admitted by the EGYPTIAN CIGARETTE MANUFACTURERS themselves, that Cigarettes imported from Egypt are made from TURKISH TOBACCO, which is subject to a heavy Import Duty in Egypt. Hongkong being a Free Port tobacco can be imported free of duty.

**Two Good Reasons** why it is advantageous to Smoke by Cigarettes.

1.—Cheapness of my Cigarettes compared to imported cigarettes, owing to tobacco being admitted duty-free into Hongkong, and that you are buying direct from the Manufacturer, doing away with middlemen's profits.

2.—Freshness of my Cigarettes, as they are made daily for each day's consumption, which makes it impossible to have an old stock of Cigarettes, as is very likely with imported Cigarettes.

The following is a list of my Cigarettes made from the Best Turkish Tobacco at from 40% to 60% cheaper than imported cigarettes of equal quality.

NAME	SIZE	PACKED IN BOXES OF	PRICE PER 100
Great Britain.....large	50		\$4.50
Venus.....large	50 & 100		3.00
Hongkong Club.....large	50 & 100		3.00
Admiral.....medium	100		2.20
Princess, gold tipped (ladies).....small	100		2.00
Flor de Oriente, with tubes (ladies).....small	100		2.00
Military (gold tipped).....medium	100		2.00
Germania.....medium	100		1.80
Paris.....small	100		1.50
The Peak Tramway.....medium	100		1.50
Emperor of China (gold tipped).....medium	100		1.20
Lusitania.....medium	100		1.00

We also make cheap cigarettes of second-grade Turkish Tobacco at \$6.00 per 1000. Minimum Quantity sold—1,000.

To Messrs, Clubs, Hotels and all large Buyers, Special Terms are allowed.

**T. E. P. SPYROPULOS,**  
9, Beaconsfield Arcade.  
(OPPOSITE THEATRE ROYAL).

**S. MOUTRIE & Co.,**  
LIMITED.  
HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, TIENTSIN.

**PIANOS**

BY ALL THE LEADING MAKERS.

**ORGANS, GRAMOPHONES**

and every kind of

**MUSICAL INSTRUMENT.**

A STOCK OF OVER 5,000 RECORDS TO SELECT FROM.

TUNING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALITY.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

The Pianola, Piano Pianola, and Aerola, and only to be had at

S. MOUTRIE & Co., LD.,

YORK BUILDINGS, CHATER ROAD.

Hongkong, May 17, 1906.



**A. S. WATSON & Co., Ltd.**

**AERATED WATER MANUFACTURERS.**

In the manufacture of High-Class Mineral Waters the following are essential.

**Pure Water.**

**Up-to-date Plant**

**The Best of**

**Materials**

AND

**Expert**

**Manipulation.**

All these conditions are obtained in Waters of our manufacture.

**ABSOLUTE PURITY.** Repeated analysis both locally and at home guarantees this.

**UP-TO-DATE PLANT.** Our policy is to continually introduce every modern improvement in machinery and appliances and although such changes are invariably costly in the first instance the results attained in PERFECT AERATION and economies in working justify them.

**THE FINEST MATERIALS** only are used.

**ENGLISH EXPERT:** manage our factories and our Waters are acknowledged by leading English Makers to be equal to those of their own manufacture.

These results have only been obtained through constant experiment, the adverse climatic conditions of Tropical Climates for the successful manufacture of high Class Aerated Waters necessitating special study.

Our STONE GINGER BEER is the only successful production of its kind in Tropical Countries. It at once became popular and increasing sales testify to increasing popularity. Brewed from the finest Jamaica Ginger it is perfectly wholesome and is an ideal summer beverage.

**A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED.**

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.  
Hongkong, June 9, 1906.

**BIRTH.**  
On June 13th, at Meirion, The Peak, Mrs. E. JONES HUGHES, a Daughter.

**MEMOS. FOR TO-MORROW.**

**Auction.**  
2.30 p.m.—Auction of Household Furniture at Mr. F. Kline's Sales Rooms.

**Amusements.**  
9 p.m.—Performance at City Hall.

**General Memoranda.**

**SATURDAY, June 16:—**  
9.15 p.m.—Concert in St. George's Hall. Goods per Japan not cleared at 4 p.m. on this date subject to rent.

**MONDAY, June 18:—**  
Goods per Lohian undelivered after this date will be loaded.  
Goods per Tournes undelivered after this date at Kowloon will be subject to rent and landing charges.

**TUESDAY, June 19:—**  
Goods per Mackay undelivered after this date subject to rent.  
Goods per Goshaw undelivered after this date subject to rent.

**WEDNESDAY, June 20:—**  
Goods per Marcori undelivered after this date subject to rent.  
Goods per Indrini undelivered after this date subject to rent.  
Goods per Della not cleared at 4 p.m. on this date subject to rent.

**THURSDAY, June 21:—**  
11 a.m.—Auction of Complete Cement Factory, at Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co.'s Premises, Kowloon.

**The China Mail.**

HONGKONG, THURSDAY, JUNE 14, 1906.

THE HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY.

ABOUT a couple of months ago the Horticultural Society was resuscitated amid much enthusiasm, and there was a possibility indicated that this enthusiasm would be sufficiently lasting to make the society be a live body which would accomplish good work. A show, which, considering the little time that exhibitors had to prepare, was commendable enough, has been held, and at a meeting a little later a committee was formed to keep alive the interest of the public in horticulture. The proposal was then made to arrange for the weekly or monthly publication of some gardening notes, which it was thought would prove useful to all those who really took some interest in such things. The management of this paper was approached, and although from a commercial point of view the publication of these notes would certainly not prove lucrative, but would, on the other hand, involve an encroachment upon space which already is insufficient for news which appeals to a larger circle of readers, it was intimated that any notes supplied would be published. In view of the intense enthusiasm shown by the members of the Society and their professed anxiety to leave no step untaken, regardless of the fatigue to themselves, it was thought that there would be little difficulty in finding someone among those who were qualified to write informatively on the subject, who would undertake the task. This expectation was the more warranted as among the enthusiasts were gentlemen whose professional occupation it is to look after the Government gardens. In course of time the announcement was made that the enthusiasm was becoming so attenuated that the notes would not be forthcoming unless they were paid for. Still, being anxious to assist the movement along and being prepared to subsidise a good cause whose supporters were apparently so lukewarm, an offer was made to pay for the notes at the rate of \$5 per column. This was declared to be utterly incommensurate with the labour, and it was asked that higher remuneration should be given. Now, it is generally known that if a newspaper specially requests that an article on some particular topic be written, it always pays a special remuneration. When on the other hand it consents as an act of grace to insert news which is of sectional interest only it rarely pays for its compliance. However, being really desirous to help the society along and recognising that that unfortunate body was not receiving from the one time enthusiasts the support it deserved, it was agreed to pay \$12 a column for these notes. After considerable delay an intimation was received that the gentleman who had been asked to supply them demanded \$25 a column before he would con-

sent to assist the society along by devoting a little time to the preparation of the matter for publication. We think it only just that it should be made public that despite outside and disinterested assistance the paralysis which seems to have seized the society comes from within. We have done our best and our readers know that we have never been far behind when there were prizes or assistance wanted for worthy objects. At the same time we cannot consent to turn the paper into a channel for generating enthusiasm. The occupation is too expensive. Anyway a Horticultural Society or any other kind of Society is not going to prosper if its foundation stone is Mammon.

Little surprise need be felt at the report from San Francisco that the "downtrodden working man" has seized the moment of great disaster to endeavour to squeeze higher wages out of his unfortunate employer. The latter has just staggered to his feet after receiving a terrible knockdown blow and the compassionate and honourable employee, filled with all the beautiful ideals of altruism, concludes that it is an opportune moment to deal him another stagger before he can quite regain his equilibrium. It is this class selfishness which drives so many people, who would otherwise feel some sympathy with the real grievances of Labour, into the ranks of their deadly opponents. Labour never even pretends to have any regard for the interest of any other class. "The Brotherhood of Man" sounds well in semi-ignorant ears but universal brotherhood is the last thing Labour desires. It is of little use to hope that the misguided strikers at San Francisco will be crushingly defeated, except for the satisfaction that it would give to see them meet their deserts. But to hope that the lesson would be salutary and would deter them from such criminal foolishness in the future would be to hope against all the lessons of experience. The conscience of America will however be shocked by this dastardly strike at a moment when the decent manhood of San Francisco is just pulling itself together for the gigantic work of reconstruction which lies before it. Scarcely had the earth ceased from trembling when committees were meeting to decide upon plans for erecting a greater and fairer city than that which lay in ruins about them. United effort was all that was required, but even at that supreme moment the black shadow of Labour intolerance affrighted their vision. A proposal was made that the Union leaders should be asked to sign a bond promising not to create industrial disputes until the new city was built. But the idea was abandoned probably because it was felt that an undertaking given by men of the type who misdirect the Unionists would not be worth much. The only satisfactory point about the affair is that this further exhibition of brutal callousness and cowardice on the part of Labour is certain to draw away from it much of the unthinking support by help of which it has become such a potent factor in modern life.

A Mukden telegram dated the 27th inst. says that four agents of English and American capitalists at Shanghai arrived there on a tour of inspection, apparently with the intention of extending their commercial interest in Manchuria. The Yokohama reports that at the Japanese State conference held on the 24th ult., at Tokyo it was decided to restore to China the administrative power of Manchuria, irrespective of the action of Russia in the northern part of that region. The lease of Liaotung, the right of guarding the Eastern Chinese Railway and privileges in open ports are of course retained by Japan. It is stated that this attitude was advocated by Marquis Ito, and although a few dissenting voices were raised from the military side, it was finally adopted. **Rangoon's Wants.** The Rangoon Municipality has decided to advertise in English and Indian papers for an Assistant Health Officer on a monthly salary of Rs. 500, rising to Rs. 800, with qualifications of M. B. or its equivalent, and D. P. H. Also for a Building Engineer on a monthly salary of Rs. 600, rising to Rs. 800. Why not try Hongkong? **A MEDICINE THAT WILL CURE OEDONTO DIARRHEA.** Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is the most successful medicine in the world for bowel complaints, and is the only remedy that will cure chronic diarrhoea. Every bottle is warranted. For sale by all chemists and storekeepers.

**BY TELEGRAPH. BY TELEGRAPH.**

**RIOTS IN COREA.**

**STILL UNSUPPRESSED.**

(From Our Correspondent.)

SHANGHAI, June 14.

Notwithstanding the efforts made to suppress the riots in Corea the authorities have not been able to calm the populace and fighting still takes place.

**EASTERN FLEETS.**

**BRITISH-AMERICAN AMENITIES.**

(From Our Correspondent.)

SHANGHAI, June 14.

Admiral Train with the "Ohio," "Galveston," and "Chettanvoza" arrived at Nagasaki yesterday to meet the British Squadron.

**MARQUIS ITO.**

**PROPOSED VISIT TO MUKDEN.**

(Chinese Mail's Service.)

PEKING, June 13.

Marquis Ito proposes visiting Mukden shortly. The Crown-Prince of Corea will go with him.

**THE SUCHOW-HENGCHOW RAILWAY.**

**GREAT BRITAIN NEGOTIATING.**

(Chinese Mail's Service.)

PEKING, June 13.

The British Chargé d'Affaires has repeatedly approached the Wai-wu-pu on behalf of a British Company with a view to securing the construction of the Suchow-Hengchow Railway. One of the conditions offered is that the line will revert to China 15 years after construction.

**LOCAL AND COAST NEWS.**

A limited company has been established in Tokyo with a capital of Yen 500,000 with the purpose of manufacturing machinery.

The Nippon Yusen Kaisha has decided to open a direct steamship service between Yokohama and North China after the middle of June.

Of the 30 destroyers, which the Japanese Government decided should be built with part of the war fund, 21 have already been completed. The remaining nine are expected to be launched within this year.

Work has already been commenced to clear the ground for the building of the Fine Art Department of the Tokyo Exhibition to be opened next spring at Ueno. The construction of the Main Building, however, will not be taken in hand until the end of next month, when the present No. 5 Building will have been removed. It is stated that foreign firms in Tokyo and Yokohama will jointly establish a large building near Shinjuku Pond to exhibit samples of the articles they deal in.

**Siamese Exhibition.** A project is in contemplation to hold a National Siamese Exhibition in Bangkok in November, 1907. The object will be the celebration of the fortieth anniversary of the King's accession to the throne of Siam.

**Trouble in the Sudan.** The Tribune's Cairo correspondent says that the natives of Talodi, 200 miles south of El Obeid, have attacked the Sudanese garrison, killing two officers and fifteen men. Later news says that 40 Egyptians were killed at Talodi. Major O'Connell with 240 of the Camel Corps have left El Obeid. Other reinforcements are being sent. The disturbance is apparently purely local.

**Penang's Band.** Penang has held an important public meeting to consider the future maintenance of the Town Band. The salaries in 1893 were \$5,243, and last year \$11,000. Mr. Neubronner proposed to raise \$20,000; Mr. Skerchley suggested a dollar tax on carriages. Finally Mr. Wolham's motion "That the Municipality take over the Band" was carried nem con. Does the Municipality merit pity or congratulations?

**RHEUMATISM.** WHY suffer from this painful malady when one application of Chamberlain's Pain Balm gives relief? Hundreds of grateful people testify to the magical power of this remedy over rheumatism. For sale by all chemists and storekeepers.

**FRENCH POLITICS.**

**THE GOVERNMENT'S POLICY.**

**An Income Tax Introduced.**

(Exclusive Service, supplied by Reuters, via Bombay.)

LONDON, June 13.

M. Darlan, the new French Premier, has made a statement of the Government policy.

He announced a general amnesty to all persons concerned in the recent disturbances, and said that a reform would be made in court-martial procedure.

An income tax is to be introduced during the coming session.

Government employees are to be allowed to form unions, but are prohibited from striking.

The Government will strengthen present alliances and friendships, and will continue a foreign policy based on justice and peace, trusting thus to help to convince the other nations of the possibility of a reduction of armament.

[REUTERS'S SERVICE.]

**MR SEDDON'S DEATH.**

**Royal Sympathy.**

LONDON, June 12.

The King has telegraphed to Lord Plunket his deep regrets at the death of Mr Seddon, whose long, loyal, and distinguished services secure for him a permanent place among statesmen who most zealously fostered the sentiment of Kingship, upon which the unity of the empire depends. Lord Elgin has also telegraphed to Lord Plunket the Government's regrets and sympathy.

**AMERICAN INSURANCE SCANDALS.**

LONDON, June 12.

Mr Gillette Granis, the former vice-president of the New York Mutual Life Insurance, has been indicted for forgery in New York.

**H. M. S. "MONTAGUE."**

LONDON, June 12.

Mr Robertson said in the House of Commons, that he hoped the "Montague" would be saved if the fine weather continued.

**ST. PAUL'S CATHEDRAL.**

**A Chapel Dedicated.**

LONDON, June 12.

Amid a scene of great military and heraldic pomp, and an impressive religious ceremonial, the south-west chapel in St. Paul's Cathedral was dedicated to the use of the Order of St. Michael and St. George, in the presence of the King, the Prince and Princess of Wales and the members of the order.

**THE CHINESE CUSTOMS.**

LONDON, June 12.

Sir Edward Grey says that the Government regards the note from the Wai-wu-pu regarding the Customs as satisfactory.

The French Mail of the 15th May was delivered in London on the 13th June.

Upwards of 150 undesirable Chinese who have been deported by the French authorities at Saigon were lined up on the compound, at the Magistracy, this morning. After being duly identified and their description and finger prints taken arrangements were made to despatch them to ports on the mainland.

**A Miraculous Escape.**

A fatal accident occurred in Queen Street on Monday night as a Chinaman while a second man had a very fortunate escape from death. The deceased, a merchant named Yin San Ling, had been to visit a friend a short distance away and on the time coming to return home he took the house tops as the easiest and clearest way. On crossing over one roof, however, he tripped on a broom handle and fell a distance of sixty feet into the yard below, where he landed on a second man's shoulders. The merchant was badly injured and died after being sent to the hospital, but the second man was more frightened than hurt.

**AN OLD MAXIM APPLIED TO A MODERN REMEDY.**

"EVERY ONE speaks of the foot as the source of it," is a maxim of the Portuguese. Judging by the letters received from people all over the country, praising Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, it is evident this remedy has been found satisfactory. It is the best known remedy for diarrhoea, and no case has yet been reported where it has failed to give relief, and it has been in general use for more than a quarter of a century. For sale by all chemists and storekeepers.



THURSDAY, JUNE 14, 1906.

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## THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

His Excellency Sir Matthew Nathan, Governor of the Colony, presided at a meeting of the Legislative Council which was held to-day. There were also present:—His Excellency the Officer Commanding the Troops, Major-General Villiers Hastings, C.B.

Hon. Mr. T. S. S. SMITH (Colonial Secretary).

Hon. Mr. H. B. B. B. B. (Attorney-General).

Hon. Mr. A. M. THOMSON (Colonial Treasurer).

Hon. Mr. A. W. B. B. (Registrar-General).

Hon. Mr. W. CHAMBERLAIN (Director of Public Works).

Hon. Capt. BARNES LAWRENCE (Harbour Master).

Hon. Mr. B. E. POLLOCK, K.C.

Hon. Dr. H. K. K.

Hon. Mr. W. A. Y. Y.

Hon. Mr. W. J. G. G.

Hon. Mr. E. O. O.

Hon. Mr. E. A. H. H.

Mr. A. O. M. F. F. (Acting Clerk of Council).

## PUBLIC WORKS COMMITTEE.

His Excellency the Governor appointed the Hon. Mr. W. J. G. G. to the Public Works Committee, vice Mr. W. C. D. D.

## FINANCIAL MINUTES.

His Excellency the Governor explained the Financial Minutes. The first, for the execution of additional quarters for nurses at the Government Civil Hospital, was rather less than last year's. The work has now been completed at a cost of \$23,101, against the estimated \$26,000—a saving of \$2,899. The next minute included the sum of \$400, for the large number of detainees from Saigon and Singapore, for whom meals had to be provided. It was proposed to recover the amount from the Government of the Straits Settlements and of Indo-China. The same minute included the sum of \$800, Secret Service. Hitherto informers had been paid out of fines, but His Excellency thought that was somewhat irregular. Fines should go to revenue and money for informers should be voted by the Council. The following minute was for substituting new pattern rifles in place of old ones for the volunteers. The work was done and expenditure incurred last year, but the accounts were not ready in time for inclusion of last year's account. The fourth minute was for washing for the hospital and asylums. For some time past all the washing was done by the prisoners in gaol, but as there had been a considerable reduction in their number, prisoners were no longer available. There were 430 or 450 in gaol now against about 800 some 18 months ago. The fifth minute was for the Post Office, to enable the Government to do away with the "long" system of correspondence with Canton. Private shops had been collecting letters and posting them to shops in Canton at so much per package. This was necessary for so long as the Imperial Chinese Post would not undertake to deliver letters regularly in Canton. They had now undertaken to do this and it was better that all letters should pass through the regular post office. The small amount of the vote would probably be more than covered by additional postal receipts.

## QUESTIONS.

The following questions were asked and answered:

## PERSONAL ENROLMENTS.

Hon. Mr. H. B. B. B. With reference to the Draft Supplementary Colonial Estimates giving a comparative statement of the Estimated and Actual Expenditure of the Colony for the year 1905, as presented to the Legislative Council at the last meeting, will the Honorable the Colonial Secretary state what saving, if any, has been effected in the personal emoluments of the whole of the Civil Service during that period?

The Colonial Treasurer—The saving effected in Personal Emoluments during 1905 amounts to \$283,385.

## PROFIT ON EXCHANGE.

Hon. Mr. H. B. B. B. In the saving effected due to the difference in the rate of exchange between the rate calculated on the Estimates and the rate at which payment was made, or if to other causes, what causes?

The Colonial Treasurer—Practically this saving is due to the difference between the rate of exchange fixed for the Estimates and that at which payment was made.

## THE ESTIMATED RATE.

Hon. Mr. H. B. B. B. Of what rate was the estimate based, and at what rate or rates were payments made?

The Colonial Treasurer—The average rate for the year at which payment was made was 1s. 11d. The Estimates were framed at the rate of 1s. 10d.

## NAVAL AND MILITARY.

The Attorney General moved the First reading of a Bill entitled An Ordinance to authorize the construction and maintenance of certain Naval and Military Works upon and over certain portions of the Crown forelands and sea bed situated upon the Harbour frontage of the City of Victoria, in this Colony.

The Colonial Secretary seconded and the bill was read a first time.

## ASYLUM FOR DEAF-MUTES.

The Attorney General moved the Second reading of the Bill entitled An Ordinance to provide for the establishment of an Asylum for the Custody and Care of persons of unsound mind, and others.

The object of the bill was to provide asylums and to authorize and legalize the detention therein of persons of a state of mind which renders them unable to take care of themselves. This had in the past been done under common law, but it was considered desirable to obtain legislative authority. The Attorney General pointed out that the bill provided for the detention of people suffering from delirium tremens—a species of insanity—and treating them.

The Colonial Secretary seconded and the bill was read a second time, passing through the committee stage.

## SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATES.

The Colonial Secretary moved the Third reading of the Bill entitled An Ordinance to authorize the Appropriation of a Supplementary Sum of \$278,412.05 to defray the charges of the year 1905.

The Colonial Treasurer seconded and the bill was read a third time and passed.

## MARRIED WOMEN'S PROPERTY.

The Attorney General moved the Third reading of the Bill entitled An Ordinance to amend the Law relating to the Property of Married Women.

The bill was read a third time and passed.

## THE COLONIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

The Colonial Secretary seconded and the bill was read a third time and passed. The Council adjourned until June 21 at 2.30 p.m.

## FINANCIAL COMMITTEE.

A meeting of the Financial Committee was held at the conclusion of the business of the Council, the Colonial Secretary presiding. The following votes were considered and passed:

## HOSPITAL STAFF QUARTERS.

A sum of \$2,164 in aid of the vote, Public Works Extraordinary, Buildings:—1. Government Civil Hospital—Extension to Staff Quarters.

## SECRET SERVICE.

A sum of \$1,000 in aid of the vote, Police and Prison Departments, A.—Police Military Departments, B.—Volunteers—Other Charges for the following items:—Copies of Reports, \$50; Rent of a floor, \$420; Total, \$470.

## VOLUNTEER EQUIPMENT.

A sum of \$3,376.79 in aid of the vote, Military Departments, B.—Volunteers—Other Charges, Rifles and Equipment.

## HOSPITAL WARDING.

A sum of \$1,600 in aid of the vote, Medical Departments, Other Charges, B.—Hospitals and Asylums, Civil Hospital:—Warding.

## POST OFFICE.

A sum of \$470 in aid of the vote, Post Office, A.—Hongkong Post Office, Other Charges, for the following items:—Copies of Reports, \$50; Rent of a floor, \$420; Total, \$470.

## ARMED ROBBERY.

At Kowloon City.

A gang of seven Chinese broke into a house at Kowloon City, on the night of the 12th instant and carried off money and clothing valued at nearly \$200. The police were informed and succeeded in arresting seven men, who were brought before Mr. H. J. Gompertz, at the Magistrate's Court, this morning, charged with armed robbery.

The occupant of the house, a grass cutter, stated that the men broke into his house during the early hours of the morning. They broke the door down and when he got up to see what was the matter they seized him and gave him a thrashing and tied his brother up. They stole all the goods and clothing in the house and took \$150 in cash, while they turned all the old clothing.

Evidence was not completed when the court rose, and the further hearing was remanded.

## DIRECT STEAMER SERVICE FOR MACAO.

The latest newspaper files from Portugal state that the negotiations between the Portuguese Government and the Nippon Yusen Kaisha for a direct service of steamers between Lisbon and Macao are likely to end successfully, at an early date. Even before the Russo-Japanese war, it will be remembered, that this service was spoken of and negotiations were commenced with a view to arranging it but were delayed in consequence of hostilities. Recently several large firms of Japanese brewers arranged to draw the cork they require and other supplies from Portugal, and this has had some effect in hastening the consummation of the agreement. In addition the Portuguese Government guarantees the steamer company its business in the way of transporting officials, stores, etc., and Portugal's productions such as wine, olives, tinned fish, tinned fruit, etc., which finds considerable business in the Orient, give a fair promise of a moderate amount of cargo. The consummation of the agreement is anxiously looked forward to by residents of Macao.

## A BANK IN TROUBLE.

Reputed a Deposit.

In the Original Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court this morning, before His Honour, Mr. A. G. W. Wise (Puisne Judge), the Hon. Mr. Justice Wai Wing Hong Bank for \$4048.60 principal and interest due on money deposited in the defendant bank.

Mr. M. W. S. S. (instructed by Mr. H. K. Holmes) appeared for the plaintiff, defendants being unrepresented.

The Puisne Judge—I understand there is no defence?

Mr. S. S. S.—Apparently not; Mr. H. K. Holmes is solicitor for the defence, wishes me to state that he has written to his client for instructions but has not received a reply.

The Puisne Judge—They are not present are they?

Mr. S. S. S.—No.

The statement of claim set forth that in April 29, 1905, the plaintiff deposited two amounts of \$2000 each with the defendant bank on fixed deposit for two months, bearing interest of \$8.20 per \$1000 per month. After the expiration of the time limit plaintiffs demanded the return of the money together with interest, but defendants had failed to comply with the demand, and the money had not been returned.

In reply defendant stated that no such bank of their knowledge there was no such bank in the Colony as the plaintiff bank.

There was one of the same name in Canton, with which the defendant bank did business. If the deposit notes held by the plaintiffs were genuine they were issued to the Canton bank and had probably been obtained fraudulently from that bank.

The evidence of the plaintiffs having been given, judgment was delivered for the plaintiffs with costs.

## P. &amp; O. Dividend.

The Directors of the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company announce a dividend at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum on the Preferred Stock, and an Interim Dividend at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum on the Deferred Stock of the Company for the half-year ended 31st March.

## CORRESPONDENCE.

## THE EDUCATION BILL.

(To the Editor of the 'CHINA MAIL'.)

SIR,—Your leader in Tuesday's issue, traverses the Educational problem now before the House of Commons, and from the general scope of the article, would appear to argue that the present educational storm is uncalculated for, and that things were satisfactory had they been allowed to remain on the settlement of Mr. Balfour's Act. Controversy at this season of the year is not likely to be popular, nevertheless, when I had finished your leader—and I read it twice—I asked "Can these things be so?"

In regard to the people of England you affirm that that majority "desire religious and dogmatic instruction, &c." Now it appears to me that facts will not support this assertion. If one thing is more clear than another it is that the Liberals, who were returned by an over-whopping majority, affirmed positively that they intended to remove dogmatic instruction from all schools supported by the State; with this issue clearly before the people, the electors—whatever their forces were at work, and there were others—deliberately returned the Liberals to Westminster. It would appear, therefore, as if the masses did not greatly value dogmatic religious instruction. Moreover, a glance at the history of the Schools proves up to the hilt that denominational Bible reading is sufficient to meet the wishes of the parents, for the schools have always been popular, and well attended by the children of both Conformists and Nonconformists alike.

The High Church party raised the storm when they interfered with the *status quo*, and those who knew the spirit of the Nonconformists of England and Wales forever and foretold what would happen if Mr. Balfour drove his bill through the House of Commons. Farsighted men foretold that it would fail, and it has failed. Owners of denominational schools, more especially of those of the Anglican Church, attempted to reconcile two contrary ideas. They wanted to have an educational apparatus according to their own ideas and they wanted others to pay for it. Many liberal minded Churchmen at the time foretold that such an idea was medieval and untenable, but the leaders of the Clerical party drove on, regardless of consequences. If Churches or anybody else come to the people for money, those who furnish the funds are not unlikely to demand some say as to the way in which they shall be spent.

Two things the present Parliament were ordered to do and they will assuredly do it. The teachers of the nation's schools are as surely the nation's servants, as the clerks who run the telegraph, or the Cabinet Ministers themselves. The nation has said that about fourteen thousand of the most lucrative positions in the element of education shall not be reserved to those who profess some form of creed. Most people will think that this determination is in harmony with the spirit of the age, and also with common sense.

The people have said further that there must be popular control. This demand is not revolutionary but would appear sensible. Mr. Balfour's Act, whilst professing to give control, gave nothing of the kind. A stone was offered when an egg was desired. What real control is possible when out of every six Managers four are appointed by the particular Church interested? Men are not anxious to manage affairs under such conditions.

But there is something further, which is sometimes overlooked. The Anglican Church of to-day is not the Anglican Church of 1870. But even then, whilst it continued, to support its own schools, and its conscience clause was in operation, Nonconformists were not anxious to disturb the long standing compact. When, however, they asked that a compulsory rate be made, whilst the attendance of the children was also compulsory, Nonconformist children were sometimes compelled to learn that the church of their parents was no church at all but an organisation to be destroyed. That this is no mere statement is evident from the trumpet of the Church Times. "Let it be understood that every Church school in the country is a place of training for unending war against Protestantism....Then, only, shall we pierce the windbag of Protestantism and see it collapse with the rest of the empire, with which it is now swollen." Is it conceivable that Nonconformists are likely to submit tamely to be taxed that men may be paid to teach such doctrines as this? Not likely.

That the present Bill is a fair-minded attempt to remove grievances and yet respect the consciences of others seems to me evident from the following facts:

(1) The Representatives of the Association of Teachers, at their recent annual meeting, accepted the Bill and almost unanimously supported it.

(2) The Laymen which, I believe, no organ of the Laymen of the Anglican Church, urges its acceptance, with perhaps some slight modifications.

(3) The Schoolmaster, which devotes itself to the interests of education, heartily endorses it, except the difficult 4th Clause.

(4) Many of the most liberal minded Clergy of the Church of England have written and spoken in support of the Bill.

A Bill therefore which is so widely supported, and by such Associations, is hardly likely to be an unwarranted interference with, and a rough trampling under foot of, the rights of others, which some of the extreme party would have us believe.

The Opposition of the Bishops need not disturb us. It is not in the nature of things that men who have been accustomed to wield power, with smiling faces, relinquish it, without a struggle. In 1857 the Bishops wrecked two Bills for the abolition of religious tests in the Universities, and later by 15 to 13 voted against a Department of Education. Yet both have become law, and good law too.—Yours, etc.

P. H. H. H.

HONGKONG, June 14.

## THE QUESTION OF LAO-TSZ.

(To the Editor of the 'CHINA MAIL'.)

SIR,—Your paragraph in last night's CHINA MAIL, relating to Professor Giles' theory that Lao-Tsz is really Moses in disguise, opens up a discussion of considerable interest. I do not think, however, that it will be easy to prove that the story of Moses was introduced into China by Jews, though it is possible that it might have been introduced in quite another way.

For at the time of the first mention of Lao Tsz by a Chinese writer—unless this be proved to be quite a modern forgery—the Jews were not even a petty nation: they were not a nation at all.

Those who accept the Jewish legends as historical find it impossible to account for the fact that although we have the records of great nations, one or other of whom must have come frequently into touch with the Jews, these latter are never so much as mentioned in those records. Even the wars between the Egyptians, Babylonians and Hittites, though they must have been of the greatest importance to the Jews, are never mentioned in those records. The Jews were not even a petty nation: they were not a nation at all.

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THURSDAY, JUNE 14, 1906.

NOTICES TO CONSIGNEES.

## Shipping.

## PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

PROPOSED SAILINGS OF MAIL STEAMERS

## MARSEILLES &amp; LONDON.

TAKING PASSENGERS ALSO FOR

COLOMBO, INDIA, AUSTRALASIA, EGYPT, BRINDISI, &amp;c.

THROUGH TICKETS ISSUED TO BOSTON AND NEW YORK.

Steamers	Leave	Connecting Steamers	Due at	Due at
to	HONGKONG	from	London	London
Colombo	Colombo	Colombo	1 day later	1 day later
DONGOLA	June 18	DONGOLA	July 15	July 22
ARCADIA	June 30	MONGOLIA	July 27	Aug. 6
DELTA	July 14	BRITANNIA	Aug. 12	Aug. 19
DEVANHA	July 28	MONGOLIA	Aug. 26	Sept. 2
MOLDAVIA	Aug. 11	BRITANNIA	Sept. 9	Sept. 16
DELHI	Aug. 25	MONGOLIA	Sept. 23	Sept. 30
MALTA	Sept. 8	BRITANNIA	Oct. 7	Oct. 14
DELTA	Sept. 22	MONGOLIA	Oct. 21	Oct. 28
MOLDAVIA	Oct. 6	BRITANNIA	Oct. 25	Nov. 1
DEVANHA	Oct. 20	MONGOLIA	Nov. 3	Nov. 10
MOLDAVIA	Nov. 3	BRITANNIA	Nov. 17	Nov. 24
DELHI	Nov. 17	MONGOLIA	Dec. 1	Dec. 8
		BRITANNIA	Dec. 15	Dec. 22

\* The 'Dongola', 'Arcadia' and 'Devanah' proceed through, and take passengers to MARSEILLES and LONDON without transshipment.

\* The 'Moldavia' and 'Delhi' proceed through, and take passengers to MARSEILLES and LONDON without transshipment.

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## Shipping.

## IMPERIAL GERMAN MAIL LINES.



NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD-BREMEN.

## EUROPEAN LINES.

STEAM FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, ADEN, SUZ, PORT SAID.

NAPLES, GENOA, ANTWERP, BREMEN/HAMBURG.

STEAMERS WILL ALSO CALL AT GIBRALTAR AND SOUTHAMPTON TO LAND PASSENGERS AND LOGGERS.

TAKING CARGO ON THROUGH BILLS OF LADING FOR ALL EUROPEAN, NORTH AND SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG—SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

STEAMERS

PRINZ REGENT LUITPOLD

PRINZ KETTEL FRIDRICH

PRINZ HEINRICH

ROON

ON WEDNESDAY, the 20th day of June, 1906, at Noon the Steamship PRINZ REGENT LUITPOLD, Captain R. Meyer, with MAIL, PASSENGERS, SPECIE and CARGO, will leave this Port as above, calling at NAPLES and GENOA.

Shipping Orders will be granted till Noon, on MONDAY, the 18th June, Cargo and Specie will be received on Board until 5 p.m. on Tuesday, the 19th June, and Parcel will be received at the Agency's Office until Noon, on Tuesday, the 19th June.

Consignment of Packages are required. No Parcel Receipts will be signed for less than 100 lbs.

The Steamer has splendid accommodation and carries a Doctor and Stewardess.

Linen can be washed on board.

PATES OF PASSAGE MONEY FROM

HONGKONG:

To Naples, Genoa and Gibraltar

To Southampton, London, Bremen and Hamburg

To New York, via Suez, via Naples, Genoa or Gibraltar

Via Bremen or Southampton

In the event of the passenger leaving the Mail Steamer at Naples, Genoa, or Gibraltar and travelling to Bremen or Southampton overland, the same rates to be applied as via Naples, Genoa or Gibraltar, but in this case the cost of the railway trip, etc., to be at passenger's expense.

TOUR Via INDIA:

Passengers have the option of using a Steamer of the British India S. N. Co. from Singapore to Calcutta instead of an Imperial Mail Steamer from Singapore to Colombo. The cost of the journey from Calcutta to Colombo by rail or steamer is however not included.

INTERRUPTION OF THE VOYAGE IN EGYPT

Passengers to Europe and New York are entitled to travel by the N. D. L. Mediterranean Steamers from Alexandria, to Naples or Marseilles instead of using an Imperial Mail Steamer from Port Said.

JAPAN-CHINA-AUSTRALIA LINE, VIA NEW GUINEA.

STEAM FOR MANILA, SIMPSONHAFEN, FRIEDRICH-WILHELMSHAFEN, BRISBANE, SYDNEY AND MELBOURNE.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG—

(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION).

STEAMERS

PRINZ WALDEMAR

PRINZ SIGISMUND

WILHELM

ON TUESDAY, the 26th day of June, at Noon, the Steamship PRINZ WALDEMAR, Captain C. Woltmann, with MAIL, PASSENGERS, and CARGO, will leave this port as above.

The Steamer has splendid accommodation and carries a Doctor and a Stewardess.

Linen can be washed on board.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY FROM HONGKONG:

To Manila

To New Guinea

To Brisbane

To Sydney

To Melbourne

To Yokohama

To Kobe

To Yokohama &amp; back from Kobe to Hongkong

THROUGH RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY FROM HONGKONG

To Europe via Australia and Colombo by Imperial

Mail Steamer

To Europe via Australia and America

(from Australia to New York via Vancouver by the C. P. R. Co.'s steamers and from New York to Europe by the Magnificent Express Steamers of the Norddeutscher Lloyd.)

SAILINGS OUTWARDS

EUROPEAN &amp; AUSTRALIAN SERVICE.

For

SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI,

Kobe &amp; YOKOHAMA, SEEDLY,

Do

YOKOHAMA &amp; KOBÉ, PRINZ SIGISMUND

\* Reaching Yokohama in less than 6 days.

TRANS-PACIFIC THROUGH TICKETS FROM HONGKONG,

via Vancouver or San Francisco to NEW YORK by the C. P. R. Co.'s steamers,

P. M. S. S. Co. O. &amp; O. S. S. Co. T. K. R. and from NEW YORK to

EUROPE by the Magnificent Express steamers of the Norddeutscher Lloyd are

issued at the following rates:

1st Class

2nd Class

3rd Class

To London via Plymouth or Southampton

To Bremen

To Paris via Orléans

To Naples, Genoa, via Gibraltar

To London via Plymouth or Southampton

To Bremen

To Paris via Orléans

To Naples, Genoa, via Gibraltar

To London via Plymouth or Southampton

To Bremen

To Paris via Orléans

To Naples, Genoa, via Gibraltar

To London via Plymouth or Southampton

To Bremen

To Paris via Orléans

To Naples, Genoa, via Gibraltar

To London via Plymouth or Southampton

To Bremen

To Paris via Orléans

To Naples, Genoa, via Gibraltar

## SAN FRANCISCO.

Unexcelled Accommodation for Travellers.

When the s.s. "Nippon Maru" arrived

in Hongkong at daylight on Sunday, 10th

June, 1906, Mr. T. D. McKay, General

Passenger Agent of the above mentioned

lines, received from his Headquarters in

San Francisco the following information:—

"Owing to rumors having reached this

office that a story is being circulated in the

Orient to the effect that everything is

disorganized in San Francisco, and that

passengers via the Pacific Mail S. S. Co.,

the Occidental &amp; Oriental S. S. Co., and

the Toyo Kisen Kaisha Lines cannot get

hotel accommodation, etc., in San

Francisco, owing to the destruction of

several hotels and boarding houses by the

recent earthquake and fire, the Management

of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company,

Occidental and Oriental Steamship

Company, Toyo Kisen Kaisha, in connection

with San Francisco Overland Route

wishes to point out that "there is ab-

solutely no truth in these rumors

Passengers coming via San Francisco can

do so with the assurance that they will

meet with no inconvenience or difficulty."

The destruction of San Francisco by

earthquake and fire is one of the greatest

events in the world's history, and passen-

gers via the above lines have the oppor-

tunity of seeing San Francisco enroute,

the memory of which will last until the

last second of our earthly life, and be a

source from which to furnish information

and data for the benefit of the coming

generation or two at first hand, which all

the writers in the world cannot illustrate

so well as he who sees and can explain by

word of mouth.

The Pacific Mail Steamship Company,

the Occidental Steamship Company, the

Toyo Kisen Kaisha (the Oriental Steam-

ship Co.), and the San Francisco Overland

Route, have ever since the earthquake and

fire occurred, April 18th, 1906, at San

Francisco, been most prompt and careful

in looking out after the welfare and com-

forts of their passengers, regardless of

expense, and at no time were the patrons

of these lines subjected to the discomforts

as rumors would have them be.

The state of education in Russia may be

judged from the fact that there is only one

village school to every 12,000 persons.

NOTICES TO CONSIGNEES.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

FROM RANGOON AND STRAITS.



